About the Project

UCLA Professors Alexander W. Astin and Helen S. Astin are founding directors of the Higher Education Research Institute and Co-Principal Investigators of the *Spirituality in Higher Education* Project. Dr. Jennifer A. Lindholm is the Project Director.

The Higher Education Research Institute (HERI) is widely regarded as one of the premiere research and policy organizations on postsecondary education in the country. Housed at the Graduate School of Education & Information Studies at UCLA, the Institute serves as an interdisciplinary center for research, evaluation, information, policy studies, and research training for postsecondary education.


To find out more about “Spirituality in Higher Education: A National Study of College Students’ Search for Meaning and Purpose,” or to share your thoughts about opportunities to support students’ spiritual growth, please visit: www.spirituality.ucla.edu
What We Examined

We analyzed extensive data collected from 14,527 students attending 136 colleges and universities nationwide, undertook personal interviews with individual students, held focus groups, and also surveyed and interviewed faculty. The measures we developed include:

- **Five Spiritual Qualities**: Spiritual Quest, Equanimity, Ethic of Caring, Charitable Involvement, and Ecumenical Worldview
- **Five Religious Qualities**: Religious Commitment, Religious Engagement, Religious/Social Conservatism, Religious Skepticism, and Religious Struggle

Spirituality, as defined by our measures, is a multifaceted quality. It involves an active quest for answers to life’s “big questions” (Spiritual Quest), a global worldview that transcends ethnocentrism and egocentrism (Ecumenical Worldview), a sense of caring and compassion for others (Ethic of Caring) coupled with a lifestyle that includes service to others (Charitable Involvement), and a capacity to maintain one’s sense of calm and centeredness, especially in times of stress (Equanimity).

What We Found

- Students show the greatest degree of growth in the five spiritual qualities if they are actively engaged in “inner work” through self-reflection, contemplation, or meditation.
- Students also show substantial increases in spiritual questing when their faculty encourage them to explore questions of meaning and purpose or otherwise show support for their spiritual development.
- Most forms of Charitable Involvement during college—community service work, helping friends with personal problems, donating money to charity—promote the development of other spiritual qualities.
- Growth in Equanimity enhances students’ grade point average, Leadership skills, Psychological Well-being, self-rated ability to get along with other races and cultures, and Satisfaction with college.
- Growth in Ethic of Caring and Ecumenical Worldview enhances students’ interest in postgraduate study, self-rated ability to get along with other races and cultures, and commitment to promoting racial understanding.
- Educational experiences and practices that promote spiritual development—especially service learning, interdisciplinary courses, study abroad, self-reflection, and meditation—have uniformly positive effects on traditional college outcomes.

We Asked Ourselves

Three Important Questions

- What college experiences are most likely to promote students’ spiritual development?
- How does growth in spiritual qualities such as Equanimity, Ethic of Caring, and Ecumenical Worldview affect traditional outcomes, such as academic achievement, leadership skills, and satisfaction with college?
- If colleges and universities emphasized activities and practices that promote spiritual development—such as self-reflection, interdisciplinary studies, and study abroad—how would traditional outcomes such as academic performance and leadership development be affected?

Key College Experiences Contribute to Students’ Spiritual Growth

- Although religious engagement declines somewhat during college, students’ spiritual qualities grow substantially.
- Exposing students to diverse people, cultures, and ideas through study abroad, interdisciplinary coursework, service learning, and other forms of civic engagement helps students value multiple perspectives as they confront the complex social, economic, and political problems of our time.
- Self-reflection and meditation are among the most powerful tools for enhancing students’ spiritual development.
- Providing students with more opportunities to connect with their “inner selves” facilitates growth in their academic and leadership skills, contributes to their intellectual self-confidence and psychological well-being, as well as enhances their satisfaction with college.